EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT City and County of Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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Board of Directors Ebert Metropolitan District City and County of Denver, Colorado

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ebert Metropolitan District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ebert Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ebert Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and other information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and other information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Englewood, CO July 8, 2019

Simmons & Whale P.C.



EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	A 404 T 00
Cash and Investments	\$ 101,793
Cash and Investments - Restricted	9,215,307
Receivable - Town Center Metro District	37,702
Receivable - County Treasurer	41,641
Interest Receivable	693
Property Taxes Receivable	6,752,737
Total Assets	16,149,873
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	19,000
Due to Town Center Metro District	27,246
Accrued Interest Payable	329,847
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	660,839
Due in More than One Year	108,663,259
Total Liabilities	109,700,191
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	6,752,737
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,752,737
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	63,000
Capital Projects	5,753
Conservation Trust Fund	331
Unrestricted	(100,372,139)
Total Net Position	_\$ (100,303,055)

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Revenues

			Program F	Revenues			(Ex	(penses) and Change in let Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Opera Grants Contrib	s and	Gr	Capital rants and ntributions	Go	overnmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
General Government Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	\$ 2,024,639 4,702,183	\$ - 	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$ ——	54,662 -	\$	(1,969,977) (4,702,183)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 6,726,822	\$ -	\$		\$	54,662		(6,672,160)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Owners Other Revenue Net Investment I Total Genera	hip Taxes ncome					_	9,556,820 554,596 18,713 110,276 10,240,405
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION						3,568,245
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year						103,871,300)
	NET POSITION - I	END OF YEAR					\$(100,303,055)

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2018

ASSETS	General		Debt Service	Cor	nservation Trust	Capital Repair and eplacement	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - Town Center Metro District Receivable - County Treasurer Interest Receivable Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 101,793 225,691 - 8,533 234 2,054,586	\$	6,685,357 37,702 33,108 459 4,698,151	\$	331 - - - -	\$ 2,303,928 - - - -	\$	101,793 9,215,307 37,702 41,641 693 6,752,737
Total Assets	\$ 2,390,837	\$	11,454,777	\$	331	\$ 2,303,928	\$	16,149,873
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Town Center Metro District Total Liabilities	\$ 27,246 27,246	\$	19,000	\$		\$ - - -	\$	19,000 27,246 46,246
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,054,586 2,054,586		4,698,151 4,698,151		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		6,752,737 6,752,737
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Emergencies (TABOR) Debt Service Conservation Trust Fund Capital Projects Assigned: Subsequent Year's Expenditures	63,000 - - 162,691 4,591		6,737,626 - -		331 - -	- - 2,303,928 - -		63,000 6,737,626 331 2,466,619 4,591
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	78,723 309,005	_	6,737,626		331	2,303,928		78,723 9,350,890
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities	\$ 2,390,837	\$	11,454,777	\$	331	\$ 2,303,928		
in the statement of net position are different because: Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds Payable Bond Premium Accrued Bond Interest								(102,715,000) (6,609,098) (329,847)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(100,303,055)

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		General		Debt Service		ervation rust		Capital Lepair and eplacement	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	•	4 004 040	•	7 505 500	•		•		•	0.550.000
Property Taxes	\$	1,961,312	\$	7,595,508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,556,820
Specific Ownership Taxes		113,617		440,979		-		-		554,596
Other Income Net Investment Income		18,713 6,835		99,056		- 457		3,928		18,713 110,276
Conservation Trust Fund		6,835		99,056		457 54,662		3,928		54,662
Total Revenues		2,100,477		8,135,543		55,119		3,928		10,295,067
		2,100,477		0,100,040		55,115		3,320		10,233,007
EXPENDITURES										
Current Operations:										
County Treasurer's Fees		19,224		76,370		-		-		95,594
Town Center Services Reimbursement		1,744,489		-		-		-		1,744,489
Town Center Capital Reimbursement				-		54,856		-		54,856
Town Center Capital Replacement		206,070		-		-		-		206,070
Debt Service:										
Interest - 2016A Loan		-		1,747,364		-		-		1,747,364
Interest - 2016B Loan		-		1,266,054		-		-		1,266,054
Interest - 2016C Loan		-		487,145		-		-		487,145
Principal - 2016A Loan		-		53,985,000		-		-		53,985,000
Principal - 2016B Loan		-		39,115,000		-		-		39,115,000
Principal - 2016C Loan		-		15,050,000		-		-		15,050,000
Bond Issue Costs		-		1,070,740		-		-		1,070,740
Paying Agent Fees				12,500				<u>-</u>		12,500
Total Expenditures		1,969,783		112,810,173		54,856				114,834,812
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		130,694	((104,674,630)		263		3,928	(104,539,745)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bond Issuance		-		102,715,000		-		-		102,715,000
Bond Premium		-		6,609,098		-		-		6,609,098
Transfer (to) From Other Funds		(9,798)		(2,290,202)		-		2,300,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,798)		107,033,896		-		2,300,000		109,324,098
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		120,896		2,359,266		263		2,303,928		4,784,353
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		188,109		4,378,360		68				4,566,537
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	309,005	\$	6,737,626	\$	331	\$	2,303,928	\$	9,350,890

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 4,784,353

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

 Bond Issuance
 (102,715,000)

 Bond Premium
 (6,609,098)

 Loan Principal Payment
 108,150,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable - Change in Liability

(42,010)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,568,245

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Budget Amounts				Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
		Original	Final		Amounts		(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	1,964,946	\$	1,757,406	\$	1,754,858	\$	(2,548)
Property Taxes - Capital Reserve		-		206,836		206,454		(382)
Specific Ownership Taxes		137,550		117,700		113,617		(4,083)
Other Income		18,705		18,713		18,713		-
Net Investment Income		3,200		6,900		6,835		(65)
Total Revenues		2,124,401		2,107,555		2,100,477		(7,078)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
County Treasurer's Fees		19,650		19,640		19,224		416
Town Center Services Reimbursement		1,745,000		1,874,253		1,744,489		129,764
Town Center Capital Replacement		206,836		206,762		206,070		692
Contingency		28,514		4,547				4,547
Total Expenditures		2,000,000	_	2,105,202		1,969,783		135,419
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		124,401		2,353		130,694		128,341
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				(0700)		(0700)		
Transfer to Other Funds				(9798)		(9798)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(9,798)		(9,798)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		124,401		(7,445)		120,896		128,341
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		263,169		188,109		188,109		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	387,570	\$	180,664	\$	309,005	\$	128,341

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Ebert Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for the City and County of Denver, Colorado (City) on September 12, 1983, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City. The District's service area is located within the City.

The District was organized concurrently with Town Center Metropolitan District (Town). The District has the power to provide sanitation, storm drainage, streets, traffic and safety controls, water and park and recreation improvements and other related improvements for the benefit of taxpayers and service users within Town's and the District's boundaries.

The District is intended to serve as the "financing district" while Town is intended to serve as the "operating district." The operating district is responsible for providing the day-to-day construction operations and administrative management of both districts. The operating district is economically dependent upon intergovernmental revenue received from the financing district.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the City or Town.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Conservation Trust Fund (a Capital Projects Fund) is used to account for the lottery proceeds received from the state. This revenue is restricted for the maintenance or acquisition and construction of recreational facilities under state statutes.

The Capital Repair and Replacement Fund (a Capital Projects Fund) is used to account for the resources accumulated for the purpose of repairing, replacing, and/or maintaining public improvements and for creating reserves for those purposes.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Development Fees

The Board of Directors has established development fees to be collected at the time of a request for a building permit from the builder and is based upon an original fee schedule of \$30,000 per acre for single family development, \$36,000 per acre for multi-family development, \$38,000 per acre for commercial development and \$10,000 per acre for development of school and church properties. Fees are increased annually. As of March 1, 2015, the fees in effect were \$37,500 per acre for single family development, \$43,500 per acre for multi-family development, \$45,500 per acre for commercial development, \$16,000 per acre for school sites, and \$16,000 per acre for churches.

On January 1, 2016, the District entered into an Amended and Restated Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement with Town. The responsibility for setting, collecting and spending the development fees passed from the District to Town. Prior to this Amendment, the District's Board of Directors originally approved an annual \$500 increase. Since January 1, 2016, Town has not taken any action to increase fees. As a result, the 2018 development fees remain the same as those in effect in 2015.

Amortization

Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds, using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments\$ 101,793Cash and Investments - Restricted9,215,307Total Cash and Investments\$ 9,317,100

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 6,173
Investments	9,310,927
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 9,317,100

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2018, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$6,173.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2018, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted Average	
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 9,128,447
Colorado Local Govrnment Liquid Asset	Weighted Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	19,789
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity	Weighted Average	
Fund - Government	Under 15 Days or Less	 162,691
Total		\$ 9,310,927

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Fund – Government

The capital escrow money that is included in the trust accounts at United Missouri Bank (UMB) is invested in the Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Fund - Government (MSILF Govt). This portfolio is an institutional mutual fund which invests in repurchase agreements, U.S. Government Agency debt, and U.S. Treasury debt, with maturities of 15 days or less. The MSILF Govt is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	D	Balance - ecember 31, 2017	Additions	Deletions			Balance - December 31, 2018	Due Within One Year	
General Obligation								•	
Loans Payable:									
Series 2016A	\$	53,985,000	\$ -	\$	53,985,000	\$	-	\$	-
Series 2016B		39,115,000	=		39,115,000		=		-
Series 2016C		15,050,000	-		15,050,000		=		-
General Obligation									
Bonds Payable:									
Series 2018A-1		=	86,350,000		-		86,350,000		270,000
Series 2018A-2		<u> </u>	 16,365,000		=_		16,365,000		65,000
Subtotal		108,150,000	102,715,000		108,150,000		102,715,000		335,000
Bond Premium		<u>-</u>	 6,609,098		=_		6,609,098		325,839
Total	\$	108,150,000	\$ 109,324,098	\$	108,150,000	\$	109,324,098	\$	660,839

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Debt

On December 6, 2018, the District issued an aggregate of \$102,715,000 of General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds (the 2018 Bonds) as follows: (1) \$86,350,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2018A-1 and (2) \$16,365,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2018A-2; The 2018 Bonds bear interest payable on June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2019, at the following rates: 4.00% – 5.00% per annum on the 2018A-1 Bonds, and 4.00%-5.00% per annum on the 2018A-2 Bonds. Mandatory principal payments are due on December 1, commencing on December 1, 2019, with final payment due on December 1, 2048.

The Series 2018A-1 Bonds are limited tax general obligations of the District secured by and payable from the 2018A-1 Pledged Revenue consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection:(i) the 2018A-1 Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the 2018A-1 Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the 2018A-1 Pledged Revenue Fund. The Series 2018A-2 Bonds are limited tax general obligations of the District secured by and payable from the 2018A-2 Pledged Revenue consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the 2018A-2 Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the 2018A-2 Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the 2018A-2 Pledged Revenue Fund.

Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2018A-1 Bonds were used to refund, pay and discharge the District's outstanding 2016A Loan and 2016B Loan in the amount of \$52,460,000 and \$37,995,000, respectively. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2018A-2 Bonds were used to refund, pay and discharge the District's outstanding 2016C Loan in the amount of \$14,675,000 and to finance the Improvement Project in the amount of \$2,300,000. In addition, proceeds from the sale of the 2018 Bonds were used to pay the costs of issuance of the 2018 Bonds, to purchase a bond insurance policy that will secure the payment of interest and principal on the 2018 Bonds, and to fund a Mill Levy Stabilization Account to be used to minimize any impacts that may occur as the result of future decreases in assessed valuation of the District.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal Intere		Total
2019	\$ 335,000	\$ 4,683,830	\$ 5,018,830
2020	560,000	4,733,050	5,293,050
2021	855,000	4,705,050	5,560,050
2022	1,150,000	4,662,300	5,812,300
2023	1,260,000	4,604,800	5,864,800
2024-2028	8,915,000	21,896,500	30,811,500
2029-2033	13,090,000	19,292,700	32,382,700
2034-2038	18,315,000	15,788,500	34,103,500
2039-2043	25,200,000	10,556,500	35,756,500
2044-2048	33,035,000	4,080,350	37,115,350
Total	\$ 102,715,000	\$ 95,003,580	\$ 197,718,580

Authorized Debt

On November 3, 1998, the District's electors authorized the incurrence of general obligation indebtedness totaling \$90,500,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% for a maximum term of 20 years. On November 7, 2000, the District's electors authorized an additional \$90,500,000 of general obligation indebtedness at an interest rate not to exceed 15%, with no limit on the maximum term. At December 31, 2018, the District has authorized but unissued indebtedness for the following purposes:

	Authorized	Authorized	
	November 3,	November 7,	Total
	1998 Election	2000 Election	Authorized
Street Improvements	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 70,000,000
Traffic Controls	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,000,000
Water System	28,000,000	28,000,000	56,000,000
Sanitary Sewer	13,000,000	13,000,000	26,000,000
Park and Recreation	12,000,000	12,000,000	24,000,000
Operations	500,000	500,000	1,000,000
Total	\$ 90,500,000	\$ 90,500,000	\$ 181,000,000

			Authorizat	ion Used			Remaining at
	Series 2001 Bonds	Series 2004 Bonds	Series 2005 Bonds	Series 2007 Bonds	Series 2016 Loans	Series 2018 Bonds	December 31, 2018
Street Improvements	\$ 13,580,300	\$ 2,091,656	\$ 13,161,592	\$ 14,360,744	\$ 10,137,413	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 15,118,295
Traffic Controls Water System	6,338,400	(852,762)	4,101,235	4,808,238	(2,859,555)	750,000	4,000,000 43,714,444
Sanitary Sewer Park and	9,142,725	(5,611,303)	455,763	2,689,580	780,297	-	18,542,938
Recreation Operations	5,688,575	5,952,409	3,781,410	8,541,438	36,168	-	1,000,000
Total	\$ 34,750,000	\$ 1,580,000	\$ 21,500,000	\$ 30,400,000	\$ 8,094,323	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 82,375,677

NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Agreement with Weingarten/Miller/GVR, LLC

The District has entered into a Mill Levy Cap Agreement dated as of July 10, 2002 (Mill Levy Cap Agreement) with Weingarten/Miller/GVR, LLC (Weingarten). Pursuant to the Mill Levy Cap Agreement, the District agreed to limit its debt service mill levy for all District bonds to 65 mills, subject to certain adjustments for changes in law. The current debt service mill levy cap under the mill levy cap agreement, based upon such adjustment is 82.604. Such limitation may be removed by the District at such time as the general obligation debt of the District is equal to or less than 50% of the assessed value of the taxable property in the District. The District further agreed to include terms incorporating such limitations into the documents governing its bond transactions and to provide notice to Weingarten of the District's intent to issue bonds and the proposed terms thereof. The District incorporated the Mill Levy Cap into the Indenture for the 2018 Bonds. The District provided notice of the issuance of the Bonds to Weingarten on September 20, 2018 pursuant to the Mill Levy Cap Agreement. The Mill Levy Cap Agreement does not limit the power of the District to impose or collect property taxes for administration, operation, and maintenance. The Mill Levy Cap Agreement is to continue in effect until the outstanding general obligation debt of the District does not exceed 50% of the valuation of the taxable property in the District unless sooner terminated pursuant to the provisions as described in the Mill Levy Cap Agreement.

Inclusion Agreement

The District has entered into a Restated Inclusion Agreement dated May 30, 2008, with an effective date of December 12, 2007 with Town and C.P. Bedrock LLC (CP Bedrock), (Inclusion Agreement). Pursuant to the Inclusion Agreement, the parties set out the terms by which certain property owned by CP Bedrock has been included and will be included and excluded from the District. In addition, the District has agreed to limit its debt service mill levy in perpetuity to 65 mills, subject to certain adjustments for changes in law. The current debt service mill levy cap under the Inclusion Agreement, based upon such adjustment is 82.604 mills. The District also agreed to provide CP Bedrock with notice at least 60 days prior to issuing District bonds. The District provided CP Bedrock with notice of the issuance of the 2018 Bonds on September 20, 2018 pursuant to the Inclusion Agreement. The Inclusion Agreement established the terms upon which a portion of the proceeds of the District's 2007 Bonds were deposited into an escrow account to be released to the District as it completes certain improvements benefiting property owned by CP Bedrock that is subject to the Inclusion Agreement. At December 31, 2018, the balance in this escrow account was \$162,912.

Due to the fact that the property that is the subject of the Inclusion Agreement is not subject to a potential general fund mill levy of the District, the Inclusion Agreement allows the District to impose a General Fund Fee (General Fund Fee) in order for the District to pay certain operations and maintenance expenses related to the property subject to the Inclusion Agreement. The amount of the General Fund Fee is generally calculated in the same manner as an operations and maintenance mill levy would be calculated based upon a formula set forth in the Inclusion Agreement. The District has not previously imposed a General Fund Fee however it may do so at any time. There is a portion of the property subject to the Inclusion Agreement that remains undeveloped, therefore, there is a portion of the Town Development Fees related to this undeveloped property that remains outstanding.

NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Regional Facilities Construction Agreements

The District entered into a Regional Facilities Construction Agreement (Old Agreement) with Town on December 1, 1999. Under the Old Agreement, Town is to provide capital construction and administrative services to the District. Town is to own, operate, maintain, and construct the facilities benefiting both Districts. The District will, to the extent that the District is to benefit, pay the capital and service costs of construction, operation, and maintenance of such facilities. At special elections held within the District on November 2, 1999, and on November 7, 2000, the District's qualified electors approved \$33,000,000 and \$66,000,000, respectively, for a total amount of \$99,000,000, for the Old Agreement.

On April 28, 2005, the District and Town entered into a District Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement (New Agreement), which replaced the Old Agreement. Under the New Agreement, the obligations of the District and Town remain essentially the same. In addition, Town may draw against the District's project funds without further need of the District's consent, to pay the capital costs expected to be paid pursuant to the New Agreement. The District also agrees to levy a minimum service levy of not less than 10 mills and not greater than 50 mills to pay the service costs expected to be paid pursuant to the New Agreement.

The District and Town entered into an Amended and Restated Facilities, Construction, Funding and Service Agreement effective January 1, 2016 (Amended Agreement). Under the Amended Agreement, the District will pay a maximum of \$21,635,477 to Town for service costs, which represents voted authorization of \$99,000,000 less all service costs paid to Town through December 31, 2015. Service costs comprise all operations, maintenance, and administration costs incurred by Town in the performance of the duties and services required by the Amended Agreement. The District agrees to levy a minimum service levy of 19 mills that may be adjusted to account for constitutional or legislative changes in computing assessed valuation of District property, provided that the levy shall never exceed 50 mills. Payments for capital costs contemplated by the Amended Agreement are to be funded from the proceeds of the District's 2016C Note.

The District and Town entered in to a Second Amended and Restated District Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement dated effective as of November 1, 2018 (New Service Agreement). The New Service Agreement provides that the District will fund the construction of certain facilities necessary to complete the development in the District and Town will own, operate and maintain certain facilities identified therein and provide covenant enforcement and design review services for the benefit of the District. For the purposes of paying the costs incurred by Town for such purposes, the New Service Agreement further provides that the District will levy the Minimum Service Levy (a levy of not less than eighteen (18) mills against all taxable property within its boundaries, adjusted to account for constitutional and legislative changes, including new exemptions, in the manner, method or

NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Regional Facilities Construction Agreements (Continued)

base percentage calculation for the computation of assessed values of taxable property, provided that the levy shall never exceed fifty (50) mills) until such time as the New Service Agreement is terminated or the District has paid Town the Maximum Service Amount of \$16,947,741. The Maximum Service Amount represents the future maximum costs that can be incurred by Town for operations, maintenance, and administration in the performance of its duties under the New Service Agreement. At December 31, 2018, the Maximum Service Amount remaining was \$16,954,436.

The New Service Agreement establishes and funds the Capital Repair and Replacement Fund (the "CRRF"). One mill of the Minimum Service Levy is to be reserved for the purpose of funding the CRRF. The amounts in the CRRF are to be used for the limited purpose of repairing, replacing, and/or maintaining public improvements and for creating reserves for those purposes, all at the direction of the Board acting in its discretion. Town agrees in the New Service Agreement to, subject to funding provided by the District from the CRRF, to repair, replace and/or maintain public improvements in consultation with or as requested by the Board. Additionally, pursuant to the New Service Agreement, the District agrees to allow Town to withdraw, at the direction of the District, up to \$2,300,000 of proceeds from the District's Series 2018 A-2 bonds for funding the construction or acquisition of certain facilities (the Improvement Project).

Agreement with Green Valley Ranch Metropolitan District

The District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Green Valley Ranch Metropolitan District (GVRMD) for the sharing of landscape maintenance services for approximately 92,233 square feet of property within the boundaries of GVRMD. Effective January 1, 2012, the District shall provide landscape maintenance services to the property for an annual cost of \$16,617 and increased annually by 2% through 2016. Payment is due from GVRMD by April 1 of each year. The term of the agreement shall be through December 31, 2016, and thereafter for consecutive five-year periods. The annual schedule of landscape costs shall be adjusted for each five-year period as needed to reflect then-current market conditions. During 2018, GVRMD paid \$18,713 to the District.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer of \$9,798 from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund was to increase the availability of funds to satisfy debt obligations. The transfer of \$2,300,000 from the Debt Service Fund to the Capital Repair and Replacement Fund was to fund the construction or acquisition of certain facilities.

NOTE 7 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2018, the District had restricted net position as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			
Restricted Net Position:		_		
Emergency Reserve	\$	63,000		
Capital Projects		5,753		
Conservation Trust Fund		331		
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	69,084		

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the restricted component of net position.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. In the current and previous years, the District transferred debt proceeds to Town for the construction of facilities benefiting both Districts pursuant to the Regional Facilities Construction Agreements. The long-term debt which funded the construction of these facilities remains an obligation of the District.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

The developer of the property which constitutes the District is Clayton Properties Group II, Inc. (Clayton). Prior to May 8, 2018, one of the members of the Board of Directors was a consultant for Town. One of the members of the Board of Directors served as legal counsel for Clayton. As such, these board members may have had conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 3, 1998, a majority of the District's electors approved the following election question: "Shall the Ebert Metropolitan District, through the imposition of its mill levy as allowed by law (including but not limited to voter approved mill levies,) be permitted to collect and expend as a voter-approved revenue change under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution whatever additional amounts are raised annually in 1998 and any year thereafter through and including 2038, from its mill levy, and from specific ownership taxes, interest income, fees, grants and any other income of the District, such authority to collect and expend such amounts to constitute an exception to the limits which would otherwise apply, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditure of other revenues; and shall the District be authorized in 1998 and every year thereafter through and including 2038 to collect and expend from its mill levy more than the amount which would otherwise be permitted under the 5 ½% limit of Section 29-1-301, Colorado Revised Statutes; all such additional revenues to be used for such purposes as are deemed appropriate by the District?"

On November 7, 2000, a majority of the District's electors approved the following election question: "Shall Ebert Metropolitan District be authorized to collect, retain, and spend whatever amount is collected annually from any revenue sources, including but not limited to, ad valorem taxes, tap fees, facility fees, service charges, inspection charges, administrative charges, grants, and any other fee, rate, toll, penalty, income, or charge imposed, collected, or authorized by law to be imposed or collected by the District, and shall such revenues be collected and spent by the District as a voter-approved revenue change without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, tax cut or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and without limiting in any year the amount of other revenues that may be collected and spent by the District?

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including but not limited to the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending and other limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 11 SUBDISTRICTS

During 2003, the Board of Directors of the District by resolution allowed for the division of the District into one or more subareas. Ebert Metropolitan District Subdistrict No. 1 was established on September 10, 2003 and Ebert Metropolitan District Subdistrict No. 2 was established on December 10, 2003. Different rates of levy for property tax purposes may be fixed against all the taxable property within the Subdistricts for operations and/or repayment of indebtedness issued by the Subdistricts to finance services, programs, and facilities furnished or to be furnished within the Subdistricts.

At an election held on November 4, 2003, the electors of Subdistrict No. 1 approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$400,000 annually, as necessary, to pay for the costs of constructing, operating, and maintaining the improvements within and/or benefiting the Subdistrict. Debt authorization was also approved in the amount of \$2,000,000 for street improvements, \$16,000,000 for executing intergovernmental agreements, and \$20,000,000 for debt refunding. The electors of Subdistrict No. 2 at an election held on May 4, 2004, authorized \$2,000,000 of indebtedness for street improvements, \$16,000,000 for executing intergovernmental agreements, \$20,000,000 for debt refunding, and an increase in property taxes of up to \$400,000 annually for capital, operations, maintenance, and other expenses.

As of December 31, 2018, there has been no financial activity in either of the Subdistricts. The Subdistricts are being administratively dissolved.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

							Variance with Final Budget			
		Budget	Amou			Actual		Positive		
DEVENUES		Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)			
REVENUES	•	-	•	-	•		•	(44.440)		
Property Taxes	\$	7,626,518	\$	7,606,656	\$	7,595,508	\$	(11,148)		
Specific Ownership Taxes		533,860		457,000		440,979		(16,021)		
Net Investment Income		51,600		60,700		99,056		38,356		
Total Revenues		8,211,978		8,124,356		8,135,543		11,187		
EXPENDITURES										
County Treasurer's Fees		76,265		76,070		76,370		(300)		
Interest - 2016A Loan		1,724,146		1,747,097		1,747,364		(267)		
Interest - 2016B Loan		1,249,235		1,265,858		1,266,054		(196)		
Interest - 2016C Loan		480,659		487,079		487,145		(66)		
Principal - 2016A Loan		1,525,000		53,985,000		53,985,000		-		
Principal - 2016B Loan		1,120,000		39,115,000		39,115,000		-		
Principal - 2016C Loan		375,000		15,050,000		15,050,000		-		
Bond Issue Costs		-		1,941,577		1,070,740		870,837		
Paying Agent Fees		12,500		12,500		12,500		-		
Contingency		4,195		19,819		-		19,819		
Total Expenditures		6,567,000	1	13,700,000		112,810,173		889,827		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		1,644,978	(1	05,575,644)	(-	104,674,630)		901,014		
EXPENDITORES		1,044,370	()	03,373,044)	(104,074,030)		301,014		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Bond Issuance - 2018A -1		-		87,870,000		86,350,000		(1,520,000)		
Bond Issuance - 2018A -2		-		16,650,000		16,365,000		(285,000)		
Bond Premium		-		5,933,493		6,609,098		675,605		
Transfer from Other Funds		-		9,798		9,798		-		
Transfer to Other Funds		-		(2,300,000)		(2,300,000)		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>	1	08,163,291		107,033,896		(1,129,395)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,644,978		2,587,647		2,359,266		(228,381)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		4,341,385		4,378,360		4,378,360				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	5,986,363	\$	6,966,007	\$	6,737,626	\$	(228,381)		

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONSERVATION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	 Budget /	Amour	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original	Final					
REVENUES							
Conservation Trust Fund	\$ 51,000	\$	54,000	\$	54,662	\$	662
Net Investment Income	 250		932		457		(475)
Total Revenues	51,250		54,932		55,119		187
EXPENDITURES							
Town Center Capital Reimbursement	 51,684		55,000		54,856		144
Total Expenditures	51,684		55,000		54,856		144
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	(434)		(68)		263		331
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 434		68		68		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$		\$	331	\$	331

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

DEVENUE	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Net Investment Income Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ 3,928 3,928	\$ 3,928 3,928		
EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures		<u> </u>			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	3,928	3,928		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from Other Funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	2,300,000 2,300,000	2,300,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	2,303,928	2,303,928		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 2,303,928	\$ 2,303,928		

OTHER INFORMATION

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2018

		,	Prior Year Assessed										
			√aluation for Current Year	Mills	Levied								Percentage
Year E	nded		Property	General								Collected	
Decemb	oer 31,		Tax Levy	Service	Servi	ce	Levied			Collected			to Levied
0044	\neg	\$	55,782,880	17.000	58	.000	\$	4,183,716		\$	4,167,804		99.62 %
2014	_	·	1,580,600	0.000	58	.000	·	91,675	(A)		91,675		100.00
2015	$\tilde{\exists}$	\$	58,361,060	17.000	58	.000	\$	4,377,080	. ,	\$	4,375,438		99.96
2015			1,906,680	0.000	58	.000		110,587	(A)		110,587		100.00
2016	Ā	\$	78,487,610	19.000	65	.000	\$	6,592,960		\$	6,553,322		99.40
2010			1,939,830	0.000	65	.000		126,089	(A)		126,091		100.00
2017		\$	81,863,920	19.000	65	.000	\$	6,876,569		\$	6,888,465		100.17
2017			2,169,420	0.000	65	.000		141,012	(A)		141,012		100.00
2018		\$	103,418,220	19.000	71	.861	\$	9,396,683			9,379,303		99.82
2010			3,146,150	0.000	61	.911		194,781	(A)		177,517	(B)	91.14
Estimate Year E													
Decem	nber 31,												
2019		\$	114,143,640	18.000	40	.040	\$	6,624,897					
2019			3,711,960	0.000	34	.440		127,840	(A)				
							\$	6,752,737					

NOTE:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

⁽A) Represents property that has been excluded from the District, but is still subject to the District's debt service mill levy.

⁽B) Includes a rebate of \$17,198 to taxpayers in 2018.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2018

\$86,350,000
Limited Tax General Obligation
Refunding Bonds
Dated December 6, 2018
Series 2018A-1
Interest Rate of 4.00%-5.00%
Interest Payable June 1
and December 1
Principal Due December 1

\$16,365,000
Limited Tax General Obligation
Refunding and Improvement Bonds
Dated December 6, 2018
Series 2018A-2
Interest Rate of 4.00%-5.00%
Interest Payable June 1
and December 1
Principal Due December 1

Year Ending					1				Total		
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		All Bond	
	•		•		•		•		•		
2019	\$	270,000	\$	3,937,295	\$	65,000	\$	746,535	\$	5,018,830	
2020		465,000		3,979,250		95,000		753,800		5,293,050	
2021		720,000		3,956,000		135,000		749,050		5,560,050	
2022		970,000		3,920,000		180,000		742,300		5,812,300	
2023		1,060,000		3,871,500		200,000		733,300		5,864,800	
2024		1,250,000		3,818,500		235,000		723,300		6,026,800	
2025		1,345,000		3,756,000		250,000		711,550		6,062,550	
2026		1,525,000		3,688,750		285,000		699,050		6,197,800	
2027		1,605,000		3,612,500		300,000		684,800		6,202,300	
2028		1,785,000		3,532,250		335,000		669,800		6,322,050	
2029		1,875,000		3,443,000		350,000		653,050		6,321,050	
2030		2,075,000		3,349,250		390,000		635,550		6,449,800	
2031		2,180,000		3,245,500		410,000		616,050		6,451,550	
2032		2,395,000		3,136,500		450,000		595,550		6,577,050	
2033		2,495,000		3,040,700		470,000		577,550		6,583,250	
2034		2,705,000		2,940,900		510,000		558,750		6,714,650	
2035		2,840,000		2,805,650		535,000		533,250		6,713,900	
2036		3,095,000		2,663,650		580,000		506,500		6,845,150	
2037		3,250,000		2,508,900		610,000		477,500		6,846,400	
2038		3,525,000		2,346,400		665,000		447,000		6,983,400	
2039		3,705,000		2,170,150		695,000		413,750		6,983,900	
2040		4,005,000		1,984,900		755,000		379,000		7,123,900	
2041		4,205,000		1,784,650		790,000		341,250		7,120,900	
2042		4,535,000		1,574,400		855,000		301,750		7,266,150	
2043		4,760,000		1,347,650		895,000		259,000		7,261,650	
2044		5,115,000		1,109,650		965,000		214,250		7,403,900	
2045		5,320,000		904,825		1,005,000		175,425		7,405,250	
2046		5,535,000		691,788		1,065,000		134,988		7,426,776	
2047		5,755,000		470,137		1,110,000		92,137		7,427,274	
2048		5,985,000		239,675		1,180,000		47,475		7,452,150	
Total	\$	86,350,000	\$	79,830,320	\$	16,365,000	\$	15,173,260	\$	197,718,580	