EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT City and County of Denver, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2010

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Board of Directors Ebert Metropolitan District Denver, Colorado

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ebert Metropolitan District, Denver, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Ebert Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Ebert Metropolitan District has elected to not present Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ebert Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information on pages 29 through 31 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Simmer Futreels P.C.



EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 611,946
Cash and investments - Restricted	5,071,470
Interest receivable	133
Receivable - County Treasurer	20,596
Receivable - Oakwood Homes	19,478
Property taxes receivable	4,595,176
Bond issue costs, net	3,107,181
Total assets	13,425,980
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to County Accrued interest payable	1,500 508 385,227
Deferred property tax revenue Noncurrent liabilities:	4,595,176
Due in more than one year	74,906,263
Total liabilities	79,888,674
NET ASSETS	
Restricted for:	
Emergency reserves	63,000
Debt service	480,622
Conservation trust fund	7
Unrestricted	(67,006,323)
Total net assets	\$ (66,462,694)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2010

			Program Revenues	evenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	ting and	Capi	Capital Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	utions	Con	Contributions	Activities
Primary government: Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 952,564	s	€9	1	↔	851,130	\$ (101,434)
Interest and fees on long-term debt		(90)		30		ï	(5,488,319)
	\$ 6,440,883	8	↔	,	∽	851,130	(5,589,753)
	General revenues:	.,					
	Property taxes						5,157,098
	Specific ownership taxes	ship taxes					281,729
	Net investment income	income					81,346
	Total general revenues	revenues					5,520,173
	Change in net assets	seets					(08 580)
	Not occote Berin	, and a					(66,203)
	Net assets - Degiming Net assets - Ending	uning Jo					(66,263,114)
		۵					(1 526=2162)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2010

	General	Debt Co Service		ervation rust	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 611,946	\$ -	\$	-	\$	611,946
Cash and investments - Restricted	1,605,007	3,466,456	•	7	•	5,071,470
Interest receivable	2	131		-		133
Receivable - Oakwood Homes	19,478			S		19,478
Receivable - County Treasurer	4,668	15,928		**		20,596
Property taxes receivable	1,041,573	3,553,603				4,595,176
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,282,674	\$ 7,036,118	\$	7	\$	10,318,799
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 1,500	\$	=	\$	1,500
Due to County	115	393		-		508
Deferred property tax revenue	1,041,573	3,553,603				4,595,176
Total liabilities	1,041,688	3,555,496	4	<u>=</u>	-	4,597,184
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for						
Emergency reserve	63,000	≅:		=		63,000
Debt service	(=)	3,480,622		×		3,480,622
Conservation trust fund	=	<u> </u>		7		7
Capital expenditures	1,542,007	(= 2)		-		1,542,007
Designated for for subsequent year's						
expenditures	635,979					635,979
Total fund balances	2,240,986	3,480,622		7		5,721,615
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND						
BALANCES	\$ 3,282,674	\$ 7,036,118	\$	7		
Amounts reported for governmental activities Other long-term assets are not available t therefore, are deferred in the funds.				ecause:		
Bond issue costs, net						3,107,181
Long-term liabilities, including bonds pa	yable, are not due	e and payable in the	e current	period		, ,
and, therefore, are not reported in the		•		•		
Bonds payable						(87,830,000)
Bond discount, net						1,588,422
Cost of bond refunding, net						11,335,315
Accrued bond interest						(385,227)
Net assets of governmental activitie	s				\$	(66,462,694)

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2010

	General	Debt Service	Conservation Trust	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,168,942	\$ 3,988,156	\$	\$ 5,157,098
Specific ownership taxes	63,857	217,872	24	281,729
Development fees - GVR	221,667	*	(4)	221,667
Development fees	607,866	7.	ē 4 5	607,866
Net investment income	19,751	61,538	57	81,346
Conservation trust fund	32	27	21,597	21,597
Total revenues	2,082,083	4,267,566	21,654	6,371,303
EXPENDITURES Current operations County Treasurer's fees Regional Facilities Construction Agreement Service cost Construction cost	11,748 900,000	40,083	40,816	51,831 900,000 40,816
Debt service Bond interest		4,622,730		4,622,730
Paying agent fees	> =	3,025	(1 -	3,025
Total expenditures	911,748	4,665,838	40,816	5,618,402
Total expenditures	711,740	4,005,050	40,010	3,010,402
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,170,335	(398,272)	(19,162)	752,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer (to) from other funds	(859,751)	859,751		
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(859,751)	859,751	<u> </u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	310,584	461,479	(19,162)	752,901
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING				
OF YEAR	1,930,402	3,019,143	19,169	4,968,714
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,240,986	\$ 3,480,622	\$ 7	\$ 5,721,615

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in net assets of governmental activities

Net change in fund balance - Total governmental funds	\$ 752,901
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:	
Current year amortization of bond issuance expense	(159,417)
Current year amortization of bond discount	(81,495)
Current year amortization of cost of bond refunding	(581,569)

(69,580)

\$

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
		-) -	(======================================
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,079,000	\$ 1,168,942	\$ 1,168,942	\$
Specific ownership taxes	75,530	63,857	63,857	9 2
Development fees - GVR	367,200	197,800	221,667	23,867
Development fees	163,200	631,609	607,866	(23,743)
Net investment income	10,500	17,000	19,751	2,751
Total revenues	1,695,430	2,079,208	2,082,083	2,875
EXPENDITURES		,	***************************************	
Current				
County Treasurer's fees	10,790	11,750	11,748	2
Regional Facilities Construction Agreement	10,790	11,750	11,740	2
Service cost	1,100,000	1,100,000	900,000	200,000
Contingency	4,210	73,250	900,000	73,250
Total expenditures	1,115,000	1,185,000	911,748	273,252
Total expellentures	1,113,000	1,165,000	911,740	273,232
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	580,430	894,208	1,170,335	276,127
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer to other funds	(600,000)	(900,000)	(859,751)	40,249
Total other financing sources (uses)	(600,000)	(900,000)	(859,751)	40,249
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER	· · · · · ·			*
FINANCING SOURCES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND				
OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(19,570)	(5,792)	310,584	316,376
FUND BALANCES -				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,127,565	1,930,402	1,930,402	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,107,995	\$ 1,924,610	\$ 2,240,986	\$ 316,376

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Ebert Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for the City and County of Denver, Colorado (City) on September 12, 1983 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City. The District's service area is located within the City.

The District was organized concurrently with Town Center Metropolitan District (Town). The District has the power to provide sanitation, storm drainage, streets, traffic and safety controls, water and park and recreation improvements and other related improvements for the benefit of taxpayers and service users within Town's and the District's boundaries.

The District is intended to serve as the "financing district" while Town is intended to serve as the "operating district". The operating district is responsible for providing the day-to-day construction operations and administrative management of both districts. The operating district is economically dependent upon intergovernmental revenue received from the financing district.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the City or Town.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net assets reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets and liabilities of the District is reported as net assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, system development fees, and interest. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and the payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Conservation Trust Fund (a Capital Projects Fund) is used to account for the lottery proceeds received from the state. This revenue is restricted for the maintenance or acquisition and construction of recreational facilities under state statutes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, supplementary appropriations approved by the District modified the appropriation from \$1,715,000 to \$2,085,000 in the General Fund, from \$4,664,000 to \$4,668,300 in the Debt Service Fund, and from \$27,065 to \$40,823 in the Conservation Trust Fund.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Investments are carried at fair value.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Development Fees

The Board of Directors has established development fees to be collected at the time of a request for building permit from the builder based upon an original fee schedule of \$30,000 per acre for single family development, \$36,000 per acre for multi-family development, \$38,000 per acre for commercial development and \$10,000 per acre for development of school and church properties. Fees are increased annually. As of March 1, 2010, the fees in effect were \$35,000 per acre for single family development, \$41,000 per acre for multi-family development, \$43,000 per acre for commercial development, and \$14,500 per acre for churches. Developer fees for school sites shall be assessed as the Board deems reasonable and appropriate. Effective March 1, 2011, the fees were increased by \$500 per acre for all categories of development.

Amortization

Bond Issue Costs and Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as general and debt service expenditures.

Cost on Bond Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost on bond refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred costs is reflected as a reduction of bonds payable.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally segregated or are not subject to future appropriation. Designations of unreserved fund balances indicate management's intention for future utilization of such funds and are subject to change by management.

The District considers all unreserved balances to be "reserves" for future operations or capital replacement as defined within Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado.

Reserved Fund Balance

Emergency Reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado.

The reserved fund balance in the Debt Service Fund is to be used exclusively for future payments of principal, interest and related costs of the Series 2007 G.O. Bonds.

The reserved fund balance in the Conservation Trust Fund is reserved exclusively for recreation purposes under state statutes.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2010 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and investments	\$ 611,946
Cash and investments - Restricted	 5,071,470
Total cash and investments	\$ 5,683,416

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2010 consist of the following:

Investments \$ 5,683,416

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2010, the District did not have any cash deposits since the local government investment pool described below provides payment services.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy, however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk; minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Revenue bonds of local government securities, corporate and bank securities, and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds, are limited to maturities of three years or less.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- * Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2010, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Fair Value
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) Federated Treasury Money	Weighted average under 60 days	\$ 5,521,873
Market Fund	13 months or less	161,543 \$ 5,683,416

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing CSAFE. CSAFE is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Federated Treasury Money Market Fund

Capital escrow and debt service funds that were included in the trust accounts at UMB Corporate Trust Services were invested in the Federated Treasury Obligations Fund. This portfolio is a money market mutual fund which invests in U.S. Treasury obligations, which are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, with maturities of 13 months or less and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations. The Federated Treasury Obligations Fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	Balance at December 31,	Add	ditions	D	eletions	Balance at December 31, 2010	W	nount Due /ithin e Year
General obligation bonds payable Series 2007	\$ 87,830,000	\$	_	\$	3 <u>4</u> 7	\$ 87,830,000	\$	_
Discount Cost of refunding	(1,669,917) (11,916,884)	Ψ	=	Ψ	81,495 581,569	(1,588,422) (11,335,315)	Ψ	-
	\$74,243,199	\$		\$	663,064	\$ 74,906,263	\$	

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

\$87,830,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2007, dated December 6, 2007, with interest of 5.00% to 5.35%, consisting of term bonds issued in the amount of \$14,875,000 due annually through 2022, term bonds issued in the original amount of \$16,075,000 through 2027 and term bonds issued in the original amount of \$56,880,000 due December 1, 2037. Such term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption. In addition, bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2017 are callable at the option of the District, on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium.

The bonds maturing on December 1, 2022, December 1, 2027 and December 1, 2037 also are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption prior to maturity date of such Bonds, in part, by lot, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The principal and interest of these bonds are insured as to repayment by the District by Radian Asset Assurance, Inc. During 2008, Standard & Poor's downgraded the rating of Radian from "AA" to "A" and placed Radian on CreditWatch Negative. During 2009, Standard & Poor's downgraded Radian to BB-. For additional information on the rating change, contact Standard & Poor's or Radian.

The bonds are secured by and payable from Pledged Revenue consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (1) the Required Mill Levy, (2) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, and (3) any other legally available monies which the District determines to be treated as Pledged Revenue. The Bonds are also secured by amounts held by the Trustee in a Reserve Fund in the amount of \$3,000,000. The Reserve Fund was created for the purpose of paying, if necessary, the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the bonds. Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal, premium if any, and interest on the bonds as the same become due and payable and to make up deficiencies in the Reserve Fund. The maximum Required Mill Levy is 65.000 mills, adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District. As of December 31, 2010, the adjusted maximum mill levy is 74.717. For collection years 2010 and 2011, the District levied 58.000 mills for debt service.

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Refunding

On December 6, 2007, the District advance refunded and defeased (debt legally satisfied) its General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding bonds dated November 15, 2004. The defeased bonds are not considered a liability of the District since sufficient funds were deposited with a trustee and invested in U.S. government securities for the purpose of paying the principal and interest of the defeased bonds until the call date, at which point the bonds will be repaid in their entirety from the remaining funds in the escrow account. The bonds will be redeemed on December 1, 2014. As of December 31, 2010, the outstanding principal balance of the bonds is \$35,435,000.

The District's long-term obligations on its outstanding debt at December 31, 2010, will mature as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$ -	\$ 4,622,730	\$ 4,622,730
2012		4,622,730	4,622,730
2013	75,000	4,622,730	4,697,730
2014	375,000	4,618,980	4,993,980
2015	850,000	4,600,230	5,450,230
2016-2020	8,575,000	22,058,650	30,633,650
2021-2025	13,955,000	19,332,340	33,287,340
2026-2030	19,815,000	15,126,752	34,941,752
2031-2035	27,490,000	9,066,645	36,556,645
2036-2037	16,695,000	1,429,520	18,124,520
	\$ 87,830,000	\$ 90,101,307	\$ 177,931,307

Authorized Debt

On November 3, 1998, the District's electors authorized the incurrence of general obligation indebtedness totaling \$90,500,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% for a maximum term of 20 years. On November 7, 2000, the District's electors authorized an additional \$90,500,000 of general obligation indebtedness at an interest rate not to exceed 15%, with no limit on the maximum term. At December 31, 2010, the District has authorized but unissued indebtedness for the following purposes:

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

,	N	ovember 3, 98 Election	N	Authorized ovember 7, 000 Election	 Total Authorized
Street improvements	\$	35,000,000	\$	35,000,000	\$ 70,000,000
Traffic controls		2,000,000		2,000,000	4,000,000
Water system		28,000,000		28,000,000	56,000,000
Sanitary sewer		13,000,000		13,000,000	26,000,000
Park and recreation		12,000,000		12,000,000	24,000,000
Operations		500,000		500,000	1,000,000
	\$	90,500,000	\$	90,500,000	\$ 181,000,000

	Authorization Used								R	emaining at	
	Series		Series		Series		Series		December 31,		
	2	001 Bonds		004 Bonds	2	2005 Bonds				2010	
Street improvements	\$	13,580,300	\$	2,091,656	\$	13,161,592	\$	14,360,744	\$	26,805,708	
Traffic controls				*		(1)		(*)		4,000,000	
Water system		6,338,400		(852,762)		4,101,235		4,808,238		41,604,889	
Sanitary sewer		9,142,725		(5,611,303)		455,763		2,689,580		19,323,235	
Park and recreation		5,688,575		5,952,409		3,781,410		8,541,438		36,168	
Operations		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		*				1,000,000	
	\$	34,750,000	\$	1,580,000	\$	21,500,000	\$	30,400,000	\$	92,770,000	

NOTE 5 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Agreement with Weingarten/Miller/GVR, LLC

The District has entered into an Agreement dated as of July 10, 2002 (the Weingarten Agreement) with Weingarten/Miller/GVR, LLC (Weingarten). Pursuant to the Weingarten Agreement, the District agreed to limit its debt service mill levy for all District bonds to 65 mills, subject to certain adjustments for changes in law (the Mill Levy Cap). As of December 31, 2010, the adjusted mill levy cap for this agreement was 74.717. The Mill Levy Cap may be removed by the District at such time as the general obligation debt of the District is equal to or less than 50% of the assessed value of the taxable property in the District. The District further agreed to include terms incorporating the Mill Levy Cap into the documents governing its bond transactions and to provide notice to Weingarten of the District's intent to issue bonds and the proposed terms thereof. The District provided notice of the issuance of the Series 2007 Bonds to Weingarten on July 10, 2007 pursuant to the Weingarten Agreement.

Inclusion Agreement

The District has entered into an Inclusion Agreement dated as of September 20, 2005 (the Inclusion Agreement) with Town Center and CP Bedrock LLC (CP Bedrock). Pursuant to the Inclusion Agreement, the parties set out the terms by which certain property owned by CP Bedrock has been and will be included into and excluded from the District. In addition, the District has agreed to limit its debt service mill levy to 65 mills, subject to certain adjustments for changes in law. As of December 31, 2010, the maximum mill levy under this agreement was 65.000. Finally, the District has agreed to provide CP Bedrock with notice at least 60 days prior to issuing debt obligations.

During 2008, the District entered into an amendment to the Inclusion Agreement that modified the language in the Inclusion Agreement to describe the authorized adjustments to the District's 65-mill limit for changes in law and other provisions. The District also entered into an Escrow Agreement with United Missouri Bank (UMB) (formerly American National Bank) that modified the original escrow instructions delivered pursuant to the Inclusion Agreement. Pursuant to the Modified Escrow Agreement, \$4,657,010 of the proceeds of the bonds were deposited into an escrow account to be released to the District as certain improvements are completed that benefit property owned by CP Bedrock that is subject to the Inclusion Agreement. At December 31, 2010, the balance in the escrow account was \$160,530.

NOTE 5 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Regional Facilities Construction Agreements

The District entered into a Regional Facilities Construction Agreement (Old Agreement) with Town on December 1, 1999. Under the Old Agreement, Town is to provide capital construction and administrative services to the District.

Town is to own, operate, maintain, and construct the facilities benefiting both Districts. The District will, to the extent that the District is to benefit, pay the capital and service costs of construction, operation and maintenance of such facilities. At special elections held within the District on November 2, 1999 and on November 7, 2000, the District's qualified electors approved \$33,000,000 and \$66,000,000, respectively, for a total amount of \$99,000,000, for the Old Agreement.

On April 28, 2005, the District and Town entered into a District Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement (New Agreement), which replaced the Old Agreement. Under the New Agreement, the obligations of the District and Town remain essentially the same. In addition, Town may draw against the District's project funds without further need of the District's consent, to pay the capital costs expected to be paid pursuant to the New Agreement. The District also agrees to levy a minimum service levy of not less than 10 mills and not greater than 50 mills to pay the service costs expected to be paid pursuant to the New Agreement.

An estimate of the total maximum capital costs and total maximum service costs is set forth below:

<u>Year</u>	Capital Cost	Service Cost
2011	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000
2012	115,295	908,500
2013	-	940,800
2014	-	972,300
2015	-	991,800
2016-2020	-	5,264,350
2021-2025	-	5,812,350
2026-2030	-	6,417,200
2031-2035		5,591,217
	\$ 1,315,295	\$ 28,098,517

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer of \$859,751 from the General Fund to Debt Service Fund was to increase the availability of funds to satisfy debt obligations.

NOTE 7 - NET ASSETS

The District has net assets consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted assets include net assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2010, the District had restricted net assets as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Restricted net assets:	
Emergency reserve	\$ 63,000
Revenues pledged for debt service	480,622
Conservation Trust Fund	7
Total restricted net assets	\$ 543,629

The District's unrestricted net assets as of December 31, 2010 are \$(67,006,323). In the current and previous years, the District transferred bond proceeds to Town for the construction of facilities benefiting both Districts pursuant to the Regional Facilities Construction Agreements. The long-term debt which funded the construction of these facilities remains an obligation of the District.

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTIES

The developer of the property which constitutes the District is HC Development & Management Services, Inc. (HC Development), a Colorado corporation. The shareholders of HC Development own and control entities that, in turn, own Oakwood Homes LLC (Oakwood), a Colorado limited liability company. One of the members of the Board of Directors is a consultant to Oakwood and/or HC Development. One board member serves as legal counsel for HC Development and Oakwood. As such, these board members may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2010. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials liability and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including but not limited to the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending and other limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On November 3, 1998, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

NOTE 11 - SUBDISTRICTS

During 2003, the Board of Directors of the District by resolution allowed for the division of the District into one or more subareas. Ebert Metropolitan District Subdistrict No. 1 was established on September 10, 2003, and Ebert Metropolitan District Subdistrict No. 2 was established on December 10, 2003. Different rates of levy for property tax purposes may be fixed against all the taxable property within the Subdistricts for operations and/or repayment of indebtedness issued by the Subdistricts to finance services, programs, and facilities furnished or to be furnished within the Subdistricts.

The electors of Subdistrict No. 1 at an election held on November 4, 2003, approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$400,000 annually, as necessary, to pay for the costs of constructing, operating, and maintaining the improvements within and/or benefiting the Subdistrict. Debt authorization was also approved in the amount of \$2,000,000 for street improvements, \$16,000,000 for executing intergovernmental agreements, and \$20,000,000 for debt refunding. The electors of Subdistrict No. 2 at an election held on May 4, 2004, authorized \$2,000,000 of indebtedness for street improvements, \$16,000,000 for executing intergovernmental agreements, \$20,000,000 for debt refunding, and an increase in property taxes of up to \$400,000 annually for capital, operations, maintenance, and other expenses.

As of December 31, 2010, there has been no financial activity in either of the Subdistricts.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to December 31, 2010, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Green Valley Ranch Metropolitan District (GVRMD) for the sharing of landscape maintenance services for approximately 92,233 square feet of property within the boundaries of GVRMD. Effective January 1, 2012, the District shall provide landscape maintenance services to the property for an annual cost of \$16,617 and increased annually by 2% through 2016. Payment is due from GVRMD by April 1 of each year. The term of the agreement shall be through December 31, 2016, and thereafter for consecutive five-year periods. The annual schedule of landscape costs shall be adjusted for each five-year period as needed to reflect then-current market conditions.

This information in an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended December 31, 2010

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Amounts		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 3,681,400	\$ 3,988,156	\$ 3,988,156	\$ -	
Specific ownership taxes	257,700	217,872	217,872	**	
Net investment income	16,000	54,000	61,538	7,538	
Total revenues	3,955,100	4,260,028	4,267,566	7,538	
EXPENDITURES					
County Treasurer's fees	36,810	40,090	40,083	7	
Interest - Series 2007 bonds	4,622,730	4,622,730	4,622,730		
Paying agent fees	3,000	3,025	3,025	a r	
Contingency	1,460	2,455	<u></u>	2,455	
Total expenditures	4,664,000	4,668,300	4,665,838	2,462	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(708,900)	(408,272)	(398,272)	10,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer from other funds	600,000	900,000	859,751	(40,249)	
Total other financing sources	600,000	900,000	859,751	(40,249)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	(108,900)	491,728	461,479	(30,249)	
FUND BALANCES -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,256,713	3,019,142	3,019,143	1	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,147,813	\$ 3,510,870	\$ 3,480,622	\$ (30,248)	

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONSERVATION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	8							6
REVENUES								
Conservation trust fund	\$	27,000	\$	21,597	\$	21,597	\$	(- 1
Net investment income		65		57		57		
Total revenues	8	27,065		21,654	s====	21,654		
EXPENDITURES								
Transfer to Town Center		27,065		40,823		40,816		7
Total expenditures	8	27,065		40,823	922	40,816		7
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(19,169)	s	(19,162)		7
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2 7		(19,169)		(19,162)		7
FUND BALANCES -								
BEGINNING OF YEAR				19,169	-	19,169		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	<u>=0</u>	\$	₽	<u>_</u> \$	7	\$	7

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2010

Prior Year Assessed Valuation for

		urrent Year	Mills	Levied			Percentage				
Year Ended			ided Property		ear Ended Property		General	Debt	Total Prop	Collected	
December 31,			Service	Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied				
2006	\$	44,615,280	17.000	38.000	\$ 2,453,840	\$2,223,761	90.62%				
2007	\$	49,777,480	17.000	38.000	\$ 2,737,761	\$2,576,459	94.11%				
2008	\$	62,155,660	17.000	45.700	\$ 3,897,160	\$3,894,032	99.92%				
2009	\$	66,057,080	17.000	52.700	\$ 4,604,178	\$3,885,439	84.39% (A)				
2010	\$	63,473,390	17.000	58.000	\$ 4,760,504	\$5,157,098	108.33% (A)				
Estimated for year ending December 31,											
2011	\$	61,269,010	17.000	58.000	\$ 4,595,176						

NOTE:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

(A) Approximately \$585,000 of property taxes levied in collection year 2009 were not received by the District until March 2010.

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2010

\$87,830,000

Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds Dated December 6, 2007

Interest Rate at 5.00%-5.35%

Payable Semiannually on June 1 and December 1

Year Ended	Principal		
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$ -	\$ 4,622,730	\$ 4,622,730
2012	E	4,622,730	4,622,730
2013	75,000	4,622,730	4,697,730
2014	375,000	4,618,980	4,993,980
2015	850,000	4,600,230	5,450,230
2016	1,225,000	4,557,730	5,782,730
2017	1,430,000	4,496,480	5,926,480
2018	1,740,000	4,424,980	6,164,980
2019	1,930,000	4,337,980	6,267,980
2020	2,250,000	4,241,480	6,491,480
2021	2,380,000	4,128,980	6,508,980
2022	2,620,000	4,009,980	6,629,980
2023	2,755,000	3,878,980	6,633,980
2024	3,020,000	3,735,720	6,755,720
2025	3,180,000	3,578,680	6,758,680
2026	3,470,000	3,413,320	6,883,320
2027	3,650,000	3,232,880	6,882,880
2028	3,970,000	3,043,080	7,013,080
2029	4,185,000	2,830,685	7,015,685
2030	4,540,000	2,606,787	7,146,787
2031	4,785,000	2,363,898	7,148,898
2032	5,175,000	2,107,900	7,282,900
2033	5,455,000	1,831,037	7,286,037
2034	5,880,000	1,539,195	7,419,195
2035	6,195,000	1,224,615	7,419,615
2036	6,670,000	893,183	7,563,183
2037	10,025,000	536,337	10,561,337
	\$ 87,830,000	\$ 90,101,307	\$ 177,931,307

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION December 31, 2010

(UNAUDITED)

Ten Largest Owners of Taxable Property of the District (1)

Taxpayer Name		10 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
HC Land Investments LLC (2)	\$	8,665,270	14.14%
Yampa-Telluride Land Investments LLC		5,347,580	8.73%
GDC Green Valley LLC		2,479,900	4.05%
HC Development & Management Services, Inc. (2)		2,369,840	3.87%
Oakwood Homes LLC (2)		2,029,220	3.31%
Dillon Companies Inc.		1,715,930	2.80%
Green Valley MOB LP		1,645,140	2.69%
C P Bedrock LLC		1,301,750	2.12%
Qwest Corporation		746,900	1.22%
Tower Road Farms LLC		617,840	1.01%
All Others		34,349,640	56.06%
	\$	61,269,010	100.00%

- (1) Based upon information furnished by the City and County of Denver.
- (2) The Developer and entities related to the Developer.

2010 Assessed Valuation of Classes of Property of the District

	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	
\$	33,549,110	54.76%
	16,333,890	26.66%
	9,052,310	14.77%
	745,700	1.22%
	1,582,400	2.58%
	5,600	0.01%
\$	61,269,010	100.00%
		16,333,890 9,052,310 745,700 1,582,400 5,600

(Continued)

EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION December 31, 2010

(UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Selected Debt Ratios of the District

Direct Debt	\$ 87,830,000
2010 District Assessed Valuation Direct Debt to 2010 Assessed Valuation	\$ 61,269,010 143.35%
2010 District Estimated Statutory "Actual" Value (1) Direct Debt to 2010 Estimated Statutory "Actual" Value	\$ 517,057,093 16.99%

(1) This figure has been calculated using a statutory formula under which assessed valuation is calculated at 7.96% of the statutory "actual" value of residential property in the District and 29% of the statutory "actual" value of other property within the District (with certain specified exceptions). Statutory "actual" value is not intended to represent market value.