### EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT City and County of Denver, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – CONSERVATION TRUST – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	7
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	26
CAPITAL RESERVE – BOND PROCEEDS – SERIES 2018 FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	27
CAPITAL RESERVE – 1.000 MILL FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	28
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	30
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	31



Board of Directors Ebert Metropolitan District Denver County, Colorado

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Ebert Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Ebert Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements, the board of directors of the District budgeted a transfer of a capital maintenance reserve amount from a related district that was not ultimately recorded in the fund financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### **Required Supplemental Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### <u>Supplementary Information</u>

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wippei LLP

August 25, 2023



#### EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	00.744
Cash and Investments	\$ 69,744
Cash and Investments - Restricted	8,795,390
Receivable - County Treasurer	22,046
Property Taxes Receivable	7,970,726
Total Assets	16,857,906
LIABILITIES	
Due to Town Center Metro District	7,930
Accrued Interest Payable	383,733
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,580,341
Due in More than One Year	103,536,997
Total Liabilities	105,509,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	7,970,726
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,970,726
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	79,000
Conservation Trust Fund	269,761
Unrestricted	(96,970,582)
Total Net Position	\$ (96,621,821)

#### EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Revenues

			Progra	am Revenues			(E)	or revenues or penses) and Change in let Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Gı	perating rants and ntributions	Gr	Capital ants and ntributions	G	overnmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	<b>A</b> 0.740.004	•	•	100 704	•	04.445	•	(0.507.005)
General Government Interest and Fees on Long-Term Debt	\$ 2,742,861 4,379,408	\$ - -	\$ ——	120,781 	\$ 	94,445	\$ —	(2,527,635) (4,379,408)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,122,269	\$ -	\$	120,781	\$	94,445		(6,907,043)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Ownersh Net Investment Ir Total General	nip Taxes ncome					_	6,916,422 353,009 196,281 7,465,712
	CHANGE IN NET F	POSITION						558,669
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year						(97,180,490)
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR					\$	(96,621,821)

## EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	General	Co	nservation Trust	Debt Service	Bon	ital Reserve d Proceeds eries 2018	ital Reserve .000 Mill	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS  Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 69,744 246,226	\$	- 269,761	\$ 6,858,785	\$	- 866,179	\$ 554,439	\$	69,744 8,795,390
Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable	7,930 2,377,652		<u>-</u>	13,650 5,453,212			466 139,862		22,046 7,970,726
Total Assets	\$ 2,701,552	\$	269,761	\$ 12,325,647	\$	866,179	\$ 694,767	\$	16,857,906
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Due to Town Center Metro District	\$ 7,930	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,930
Total Liabilities	 7,930		-	 -		-	 -		7,930
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Property Tax Revenue	 2,377,652			 5,453,212			139,862		7,970,726
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,377,652		-	5,453,212		-	139,862		7,970,726
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted for:									
Emergency Reserves	79,000		-	-		-	-		79,000
Debt Service	-		-	210,334		-	-		210,334
Mill Levy Stabilization Fund	-		-	6,662,101		-	-		6,662,101
Conservation Trust Fund	-		269,761	-		-	-		269,761
Capital Projects	167,226		-	-		866,179	554,905		1,588,310
Assigned:									
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	50,468		-	-		-	-		50,468
Unassigned	19,276								19,276
Total Fund Balances	 315,970		269,761	 6,872,435		866,179	554,905		8,879,250
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 2,701,552	\$	269,761	\$ 12,325,647	\$	866,179	\$ 694,767		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:									
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.									(00.945.000)

Bonds Payable
Bond Premium
Accrued Bond Interest

Net Position of Governmental Activities

(99,815,000) (5,302,338) (383,733)

\$ (96,621,821)

## EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General	Conservation Trust		Debt Service		Capital Reserve Bond Proceeds Series 2018		Capital Reserve 1.000 Mill		Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES											
Property Taxes	\$ 2,492,374	\$	-	\$	4,277,438	\$	-	\$	146,610	\$	6,916,422
Specific Ownership Taxes	126,389		-		219,185		-		7,435		353,009
Town Center Legal Reimbursement	120,781		-		-		-		-		120,781
Net Investment Income	6,830		3,951		161,534		14,662		9,304		196,281
Conservation Trust Fund Proceeds			94,445								94,445
Total Revenues	2,746,374		98,396		4,658,157		14,662		163,349		7,680,938
EXPENDITURES											
Current Operations:											
County Treasurer's Fees	24,885		-		42,742		-		1,464		69,091
Town Center Services Reimbursement	2,595,731		-		-		-		-		2,595,731
Legal Services	69,345		-		-		-		-		69,345
Election Expense	51,436		-		-		-		-		51,436
Debt Service:											
Interest - 2018 A-1 Bond	-		-		3,920,000		-		-		3,920,000
Interest - 2018 A-2 Bond	-		-		742,300		-		-		742,300
Principal - 2018 A-1 Bond	-		-		970,000		-		-		970,000
Principal - 2018 A-2 Bond	-		-		180,000		-		-		180,000
Paying Agent Fees					3,500						3,500
Total Expenditures	2,741,397		-		5,858,542		-		1,464	_	8,601,403
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,977		98,396		(1,200,385)		14,662		161,885		(920,465)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 310,993		171,365		8,072,820		851,517		393,020		9,799,715
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 315,970	\$	269,761	\$	6,872,435	\$	866,179	\$	554,905	\$	8,879,250

## EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(920,465)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.

Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

Bond Principal Payment

1,150,000

Current Year Amortization of Bond Premium

324,342

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds

Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable - Change in Liability 4,792

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 558,669

# EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bu	dget	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 2,495,644	\$ 2,495,644	\$ 2,492,374	\$ (3,270)
Specific Ownership Taxes	124,780	130,000	126,389	(3,611)
Town Center Legal Reimbursement	40,000	145,000	120,781	(24,219)
Net Investment Income	1,400	2,000	6,830	4,830
Total Revenues	2,661,824	2,772,644	2,746,374	(26,270)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
County Treasurer's Fees	24,960	24,960	24,885	75
Town Center Services Reimbursement	2,595,464	2,600,684	2,595,731	4,953
Legal Services	40,000	120,000	69,345	50,655
Election Expense	40,000	55,000	51,436	3,564
Contingency	9,576	4,356		4,356
Total Expenditures	2,710,000	2,805,000	2,741,397	63,603
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(48,176)	(32,356)	4,977	37,333
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	306,413	310,993	310,993	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 258,237	\$ 278,637	\$ 315,970	\$ 37,333

# EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – CONSERVATION TRUST – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	C ar 	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES	•	57.000	•	04.445	•	07.445
Conservation Trust Fund Proceeds  Net Investment Income	\$	57,000	\$	94,445	\$	37,445
Total Revenues		35 57,035	-	3,951 98,396	-	3,916 41,361
EXPENDITURES  Town Center Capital Reimbursement  Total Expenditures		126,252 126,252		<u>-</u>		126,252 126,252
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(69,217)		98,396		167,613
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		69,217		171,365		102,148
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	269,761	\$	269,761

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Ebert Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for the city and County of Denver, Colorado (the City) on September 12, 1983, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City. The District's service area is located within the City.

The District was organized concurrently with Town Center Metropolitan District (Town). The District has the power to provide sanitation, storm drainage, streets, traffic and safety controls, water and park and recreation improvements and other related improvements for the benefit of taxpayers and service users within Town's and the District's boundaries.

The District is intended to serve as the "financing district" while Town is intended to serve as the "operating district." The operating district is responsible for providing the day-to-day construction operations and administrative management of both districts. The operating district is economically dependent upon intergovernmental revenue received from the financing district.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the City or Town.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Conservation Trust Fund (a Special Revenue Fund) is used to account for the lottery proceeds received from the state. This revenue is restricted for the maintenance or acquisition and construction of recreational facilities under state statutes.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Capital Reserve – Bond Proceeds – Series 2018 Fund (a Capital Projects Fund) is used to account for the resources accumulated for the purpose of funding the construction or acquisition of those District Facilities authorized by the District to be constructed or acquired.

The Capital Reserve – 1.000 Mill Fund (a Capital Projects Fund) is used to account for the resources from the imposition of a 1.000 mills property tax to be used for the purpose of creating reserves for the purpose of repairing, replacing, and/or maintaining public improvements.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District's Board of Directors amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022, by resolution adopted on September 20, 2022.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December.

Per agreement between the District and Town, the County Treasurer remits the District's taxes collected monthly into a clearing account held by the District. The District then distributes the taxes to either the District, the Trustee, or to Town's General Fund account in accordance with the Regional Facilities Construction Agreements (see Note 5).

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Property Taxes (Continued)**

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### **Development Fees**

The Board of Directors has established development fees to be collected at the time of a request for a building permit from the builder and is based upon an original fee schedule of \$30,000 per acre for single family development, \$36,000 per acre for multi-family development, \$38,000 per acre for commercial development and \$10,000 per acre for development of school and church properties. Fees are increased annually. As of March 1, 2015, the fees in effect were \$37,500 per acre for single family development, \$43,500 per acre for multi-family development, \$45,500 per acre for commercial development, \$16,000 per acre for school sites, and \$16,000 per acre for churches.

On January 1, 2016, the District entered into an Amended and Restated Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement with Town. The responsibility for setting, collecting and spending the development fees passed from the District to Town. Prior to this Amendment, the District's Board of Directors originally approved an annual \$500 increase. Since January 1, 2016, the Town has not taken any action to increase fees. As a result, the 2022 development fees remain the same as those in effect in 2015.

#### **Amortization**

#### Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds, using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 69,744
Cash and Investments - Restricted	8,795,390
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,865,134

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Investments	\$ 8,865,134
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,865,134

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's had no deposits with financial Institutions.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount	
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted-Average		
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$	8,505,971
Colorado Local Govrnment Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average		
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days		191,937
Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity	Weighted-Average		
Fund - Government	Under 15 Days or Less		167,226
Total		\$	8,865,134

#### **CSAFE**

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **CSAFE (Continued)**

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

#### **COLOTRUST**

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Fund - Government

The capital escrow money that is included in the trust accounts at United Missouri Bank (UMB) is invested in the Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Fund - Government (MSILF Govt). This portfolio is an institutional mutual fund which invests in repurchase agreements, U.S. Government Agency debt, and U.S. Treasury debt, with maturities of 15 days or less.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Fund – Government (Continued)

The MSILF Govt is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	D	Balance - ecember 31, 2021	Additions		Deletions	D	Balance - December 31, 2022	_	Due Within One Year
General Obligation									_
Bonds Payable:									
Series 2018A-1	\$	84,895,000	\$	-	\$ 970,000	\$	83,925,000	\$	1,060,000
Series 2018A-2		16,070,000			180,000		15,890,000		200,000
Subtotal		100,965,000		-	1,150,000		99,815,000		1,260,000
Bond Premium		5,626,680		<u> </u>	324,342		5,302,338		320,341
Total	\$	106,591,680	\$	_ :	\$ 1,474,342	\$	105,117,338	\$	1,580,341

#### **General Obligation Debt**

On December 6, 2018, the District issued an aggregate of \$102,715,000 of General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds (the 2018 Bonds) as follows: (1) \$86,350,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2018A-1 and (2) \$16,365,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2018A-2; The 2018 Bonds bear interest payable on June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2019, at the following rates: 4.00% – 5.00% per annum on the 2018A-1 Bonds, and 4.00%-5.00% per annum on the 2018A-2 Bonds. Mandatory principal payments are due on December 1, commencing on December 1, 2019, with final payment due on December 1, 2048.

The Series 2018A-1 Bonds are limited tax general obligations of the District secured by and payable from the 2018A-1 Pledged Revenue consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection:(i) the 2018A-1 Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the 2018A-1 Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the 2018A-1 Pledged Revenue Fund. The Series 2018A-2 Bonds are limited tax general obligations of the District secured by and payable from the 2018A-2 Pledged Revenue consisting of moneys derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the 2018A-2 Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the 2018A-2 Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the 2018A-2 Pledged Revenue Fund.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **General Obligation Debt (Continued)**

Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2018A-1 Bonds were used to refund, pay and discharge the District's outstanding 2016A Loan and 2016B Loan in the amount of \$52,460,000 and \$37,995,000, respectively. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2018A-2 Bonds were used to refund, pay and discharge the District's outstanding 2016C Loan in the amount of \$14,675,000 and to finance the Improvement Project in the amount of \$2,300,000. In addition, proceeds from the sale of the 2018 Bonds were used to pay the costs of issuance of the 2018 Bonds, to purchase a bond insurance policy that will secure the payment of interest and principal on the 2018 Bonds, and to fund a Mill Levy Stabilization Account in the initial amount of \$6,636,000 to be used to minimize any impacts that may occur as the result of future decreases in assessed valuation of the District.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 1,260	0,000 \$	4,604,800	\$ 5,864,800
2024	1,485	5,000	4,541,800	6,026,800
2025	1,595	5,000	4,467,550	6,062,550
2026	1,810	0,000	4,387,800	6,197,800
2027	1,905	5,000	4,297,300	6,202,300
2028-2032	12,245	5,000	19,876,500	32,121,500
2033-2037	17,090	0,000	16,613,350	33,703,350
2038-2042	23,735	5,000	11,743,250	35,478,250
2043-2047	31,525	5,000	5,399,850	36,924,850
2048	7,165	5,000	287,150	 7,452,150
Total	\$ 99,815	5,000 \$	76,219,350	\$ 176,034,350

#### **Authorized Debt**

On November 3, 1998, the District's electors authorized the incurrence of general obligation indebtedness totaling \$90,500,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 15% for a maximum term of 20 years. On November 7, 2000, the District's electors authorized an additional \$90,500,000 of general obligation indebtedness at an interest rate not to exceed 15%, with no limit on the maximum term.

Pursuant to C.R.S. 32-1-1101(2) and 32-1-1101.5, the 20-year authorization period to issue new general obligation bonds for purposes other than for refunding of the District's current debt obligations, has expired. The District's authorized unissued debt has been abandoned.

#### NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

#### Agreement with Weingarten/Miller/GVR, LLC

The District has entered into a Mill Levy Cap Agreement dated as of July 10, 2002 (Mill Levy Cap Agreement) with Weingarten/Miller/GVR, LLC (Weingarten). Pursuant to the Mill Levy Cap Agreement, the District agreed to limit its debt service mill levy for all District bonds to 65 mills, subject to certain adjustments for changes in law. The current debt service mill levy cap under the mill levy cap agreement, based upon such adjustment is 82.604. Such limitation may be removed by the District at such time as the general obligation debt of the District is equal to or less than 50% of the assessed value of the taxable property in the District. The District further agreed to include terms incorporating such limitations into the documents governing its bond transactions and to provide notice to Weingarten of the District's intent to issue bonds and the proposed terms thereof. The District incorporated the Mill Levy Cap into the Indenture for the 2018 Bonds. The District provided notice of the issuance of the Bonds to Weingarten on September 20, 2018, pursuant to the Mill Levy Cap Agreement. The Mill Levy Cap Agreement does not limit the power of the District to impose or collect property taxes for administration, operation, and maintenance. The Mill Levy Cap Agreement is to continue in effect until the outstanding general obligation debt of the District does not exceed 50% of the valuation of the taxable property in the District unless sooner terminated pursuant to the provisions as described in the Mill Levy Cap Agreement.

#### **Inclusion Agreement**

The District has entered into a Restated Inclusion Agreement dated May 30, 2008, with an effective date of December 12, 2007, with Town and C.P. Bedrock LLC (CP Bedrock), (Inclusion Agreement). Pursuant to the Inclusion Agreement, the parties set out the terms by which certain property owned by CP Bedrock has been included and will be included and excluded from the District. In addition, the District has agreed to limit its debt service mill levy in perpetuity to 65 mills, subject to certain adjustments for changes in law. The current debt service mill levy cap under the Inclusion Agreement, based upon such adjustment is 82.604 mills. The District also agreed to provide CP Bedrock with notice at least 60 days prior to issuing District bonds.

The District provided CP Bedrock with notice of the issuance of the 2018 Bonds on September 20, 2018, pursuant to the Inclusion Agreement. The Inclusion Agreement established the terms upon which a portion of the proceeds of the District's 2007 Bonds were deposited into an escrow account to be released to the District as it completes certain improvements benefiting property owned by CP Bedrock that is subject to the Inclusion Agreement. At December 31, 2022, the balance in this escrow account was \$167,226.

#### NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Inclusion Agreement (Continued)**

Due to the fact that the property that is the subject of the Inclusion Agreement is not subject to a potential general fund mill levy of the District, the Inclusion Agreement allows the District to impose a General Fund Fee (General Fund Fee) in order for the District to pay certain operations and maintenance expenses related to the property subject to the Inclusion Agreement. The amount of the General Fund Fee is generally calculated in the same manner as an operations and maintenance mill levy would be calculated based upon a formula set forth in the Inclusion Agreement. The District has not previously imposed a General Fund Fee however it may do so at any time. There is a portion of the property subject to the Inclusion Agreement that remains undeveloped, therefore, there is a portion of the Town Development Fees related to this undeveloped property that remains outstanding.

#### **Regional Facilities Construction Agreements**

The District entered into a Regional Facilities Construction Agreement (Old Agreement) with the Town on December 1, 1999. Under the Old Agreement, the Town is to provide capital construction and administrative services to the District. The Town is to own, operate, maintain, and construct the facilities benefiting both Districts. The District will, to the extent that the District is to benefit, pay the capital and service costs of construction, operation, and maintenance of such facilities. At special elections held within the District on November 2, 1999, and on November 7, 2000, the District's qualified electors approved \$33,000,000 and \$66,000,000, respectively, for a total amount of \$99,000,000, for the Old Agreement.

On April 28, 2005, the District and the Town entered into a District Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement (New Agreement), which replaced the Old Agreement. Under the New Agreement, the obligations of the District and Town remain essentially the same. In addition, the Town may draw against the District's project funds without further need of the District's consent, to pay the capital costs expected to be paid pursuant to the New Agreement. The District also agrees to levy a minimum service levy of not less than 10 mills and not greater than 50 mills to pay the service costs expected to be paid pursuant to the New Agreement.

The District and Town entered into an Amended and Restated Facilities, Construction, Funding and Service Agreement effective January 1, 2016 (Amended Agreement). Under the Amended Agreement, the District will pay a maximum of \$21,635,477 to the Town for service costs, which represents voted authorization of \$99,000,000 less all service costs paid to the Town through December 31, 2015. Service costs comprise all operations, maintenance, and administration costs incurred by the Town in the performance of the duties and services required by the Amended Agreement. The District agrees to levy a minimum service levy of 19 mills that may be adjusted to account for constitutional or legislative changes in computing assessed valuation of District property, provided that the levy shall never exceed 50 mills.

Payments for capital costs contemplated by the Amended Agreement are to be funded from the proceeds of the District's 2016C Note.

#### NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Regional Facilities Construction Agreements (Continued)

The District and Town entered in to a Second Amended and Restated District Facilities Construction, Funding and Service Agreement dated effective as of November 1, 2018 (New Service Agreement). The New Service Agreement replaces the Amended Agreement and provides that the District will fund the construction of certain facilities necessary to compete the development in the District and the Town will own, operate, and maintain certain facilities identified therein and provide covenant enforcement and design review services for the benefit of the District. For the purposes of paying the costs incurred by the Town for such purposes, the New Service Agreement further provides that the District will levy the Minimum Service Levy (a levy of not less than eighteen (18) mills against all taxable property within its boundaries, adjusted to account for constitutional and legislative changes, including new exemptions, in the manner, method or base percentage calculation for the computation of assessed values of taxable property, provided that the levy shall never exceed fifty (50) mills) until such time as the New Service Agreement is terminated or the District has paid Town the Maximum Service Amount of \$16,947,741. The Maximum Service Amount represents the future maximum costs that can be incurred by Town for operations, maintenance, and administration in the performance of its duties under the New Service Agreement. At December 31, 2022, the Maximum Service Amount remaining was \$7,493,608.

The New Service Agreement establishes and funds the Capital Repair and Replacement Fund (the CRRF). One mill of the Minimum Service Levy is to be reserved for the purpose of funding the CRRF. The amounts in the CRRF are to be used for the limited purpose of repairing, replacing, and/or maintaining public improvements and for creating reserves for those purposes, all at the direction of the Board acting in its discretion. Town agrees in the New Service Agreement to, subject to funding provided by the District from the CRRF, to repair, replace and/or maintain public improvements in consultation with or as requested by the Board, Additionally, pursuant to the New Service Agreement, the District agrees to allow Town to withdraw, at the direction of the District, up to \$2,300,000 of proceeds from the District's Series 2018 A-2 bonds for funding the construction or acquisition of certain facilities (the Improvement Project), subject to confirmation that construction has been accomplished in compliance with the conditions and terms of the construction contract involved, in accordance with generally accepted principles of engineering and construction review, and in accordance with any and all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and codes of the City or any other regulatory agency having jurisdiction. During 2022, no amount was paid to Town under this provision.

#### Capital Reserve - 1.000 Mill Fund

On August 20, 2020 ("August 20<sup>th</sup> Meeting"), a meeting of District service support contractors (that included the District's Accountant, District Manager and District Engineer) and select members from the Boards of both Ebert and Town, took place to discuss the results contained in the recently completed Reserve Study Report ("Reserve Study") contracted by Town Center Metropolitan District ("Town") in anticipation of Town's express intent to transfer select assets to Ebert. Generally, the timing of the transfer is estimated to follow Town's completion of the Ebert buildout.

#### NOTE 5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Capital Reserve – 1.000 Mill Fund (Continued)

At the August 20<sup>th</sup> Meeting, it was recognized that Town had not anticipated and planned adequate financial reserves necessary to account for the inevitable repair and replacement of Town's life-limited physical assets in the amount estimated by the Reserve Study.

As the discussions necessarily contemplated Town's intent to transfer select Town assets to Ebert, Ebert's Board President asserted that Ebert would entertain no such transfer of Town assets without an accompanying financial reserve commensurate with the funding estimate as described in the applicable Reserve Study. At this meeting, Town's Board representative agreed to transfer to Ebert's Capital Reserve – 1.000 Mill Fund (also known as the Capital Repair and Replacement Fund (CRRF)), the sum of \$555,000 from Town's "Capital Projects – Replacement Fund".

The accountant attending the meeting memorialized the agreed fund transfer in the first draft of Ebert's 2021 budget, which was later approved by the Ebert Board in January 2021. The agreed transfer was further acknowledged and memorialized by the accountant in the District's periodic budget and financial statements that include the statement, "It is also anticipated that Town Center funds set aside for capital replacement will be transferred to the District (sic Ebert) to establish a capital reserve fund" appearing, for example, in the Summary of Significant Assumptions of the 2021 Adopted Budget.

As of December 31, 2022, the agreed transfer of \$555,000 from Town to Ebert's CRRF did not occur as agreed by Town at the August 20<sup>th</sup> Meeting.

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2022, the District had restricted net position as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 79,000
Conservation Trust Fund	269,761
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 348,761

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the restricted component of net position.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. In previous years, the District

#### NOTE 6 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

transferred debt proceeds to Town for the construction of facilities benefiting both Districts pursuant to the Regional Facilities Construction Agreements. The long-term debt which funded the construction of these facilities remains an obligation of the District.

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AN DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On November 3, 1998, a majority of the District's electors approved the following election question: "Shall the Ebert Metropolitan District, through the imposition of its mill levy as allowed by law (including but not limited to voter approved mill levies,) be permitted to collect and expend as a voter-approved revenue change under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution whatever additional amounts are raised annually in 1998 and any year thereafter through and including 2038, from its mill levy, and from specific ownership taxes, interest income, fees, grants and any other income of the District, such authority to collect and expend such amounts to constitute an exception to the limits which would otherwise apply, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditure of other revenues; and shall the District be authorized in 1998 and every year thereafter through and including 2038 to collect and expend from its mill levy more than the amount which would otherwise be permitted under the 5 ½% limit of Section 29-1-301, Colorado Revised Statutes; all such additional revenues to be used for such purposes as are deemed appropriate by the District?"

On November 7, 2000, a majority of the District's electors approved the following election question: "Shall Ebert Metropolitan District be authorized to collect, retain, and spend whatever amount is collected annually from any revenue sources, including but not limited to, ad valorem taxes, tap fees, facility fees, service charges, inspection charges, administrative charges, grants, and any other fee, rate, toll, penalty, income, or charge imposed, collected, or authorized by law to be imposed or collected by the District, and shall such revenues be collected and spent by the District as a voter-approved revenue change without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, tax cut or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and without limiting in any year the amount of other revenues that may be collected and spent by the District?"

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including but not limited to the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending and other limits, will require judicial interpretation.

#### NOTE 9 SUBDISTRICTS

During 2003, the Board of Directors of the District by resolution allowed for the division of the District into one or more subareas. Ebert Metropolitan District Subdistrict No. 1 was established on September 10, 2003, and Ebert Metropolitan District Subdistrict No. 2 was established on December 10, 2003. Different rates of levy for property tax purposes may be fixed against all the taxable property within the Subdistricts for operations and/or repayment of indebtedness issued by the Subdistricts to finance services, programs, and facilities furnished or to be furnished within the Subdistricts.

#### NOTE 9 SUBDISTRICTS (CONTINUED)

At an election held on November 4, 2003, the electors of Subdistrict No. 1 approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$400,000 annually, as necessary, to pay for the costs of constructing, operating, and maintaining the improvements within and/or benefiting the Subdistrict. Debt authorization was also approved in the amount of \$2,000,000 for street improvements, \$16,000,000 for executing intergovernmental agreements, and \$20,000,000 for debt refunding. The electors of Subdistrict No. 2 at an election held on May 4, 2004, authorized \$2,000,000 of indebtedness for street improvements, \$16,000,000 for executing intergovernmental agreements, \$20,000,000 for debt refunding, and an increase in property taxes of up to \$400,000 annually for capital, operations, maintenance, and other expenses. There has been no financing of Subdistrict Nos. 1 and 2 following their establishment in 2003. On April 10, 2019, the District dissolved Subdistrict Nos. 1 and 2.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Va	riance with
		Original			Fir	nal Budget
	and Final			Actual	Positive	
		Budget		Amounts	1)	Negative)
REVENUES	<u></u>	_				_
Property Taxes	\$	4,295,145	\$	4,277,438	\$	(17,707)
Specific Ownership Taxes		214,760		219,185		4,425
Net Investment Income		7,300		161,534		154,234
Total Revenues		4,517,205		4,658,157		140,952
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		42,951		42,742		209
Interest - 2018 A-1 Bond		3,920,000		3,920,000		-
Interest - 2018 A-2 Bond		742,300		742,300		-
Principal - 2018 A-1 Bond		970,000		970,000		-
Principal - 2018 A-2 Bond		180,000		180,000		-
Paying Agent Fees		4,000		3,500		500
Contingency		3,749				3,749
Total Expenditures		5,863,000		5,858,542		4,458
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,345,795)		(1,200,385)		145,410
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		8,045,535		8,072,820		27,285
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	6,699,740	\$	6,872,435	\$	172,695

# EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL RESERVE – BOND PROCEEDS – SERIES 2018 FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Net Investment Income	\$	180	\$	14,662	\$	14,482	
Total Revenues		180		14,662		14,482	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		373,212 373,212		<u>-</u>		373,212 373,212	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(373,032)		14,662		387,694	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		373,032		851,517		478,485	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	866,179	\$	866,179	

# EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL RESERVE - 1.000 MILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	146,803	\$	146,610	\$	(193)
Specific Ownership Taxes		7,340		7,435		95
Town Center Capital Reimbursement		555,000		-		(555,000)
Net Investment Income		700		9,304		8,604
Total Revenues		709,843		163,349		(546,494)
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		1,468		1,464		4
Contingency		1,032		-		1,032
Total Expenditures		2,500		1,464		1,036
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		707,343		161,885		(545,458)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		392,266		393,020		754
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,099,609	\$	554,905	\$	(544,704)

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

### EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Prior Year											
			Assessed											
			√aluation for Current Year		Mills L	oviod								Doroontogo
Year En	ndod	(	Property	Gen			ebt		Total Pr	oner	tv T	2000		Percentage Collected
Decembe			Tax Levy	Ser			rvice		Levied	opei	•	Collected	-	to Levied
Decembe	51 51,		TAX Levy	061	/ICC		IVICE		Levieu	-		Collected		to Levieu
0040	$\neg$	\$	103,418,220	1	9.000		71.861	\$	9,396,683		\$	9,379,303		99.82 %
2018	_		3,146,150		0.000		61.911		194,781	(A)		177,517	(B)	91.14
2019	Ę	\$	114,143,640	1	8.000		40.040	\$	6,624,897		\$	6,582,788		99.36
2019			3,711,960		0.000		34.440		127,840	(A)		127,840		100.00
2020		\$	133,037,250	1	8.000		40.319	\$	7,758,599		\$	7,745,071		99.83
2020			9,528,890		0.000		33.828		322,343	(A)		322,343		100.00
2021		\$	134,364,490	1	8.000		40.319	\$	7,836,002		\$	7,879,240		100.55
2021			10,610,830		0.000		33.669		357,256	(A)		355,256		99.44
2022		\$	146,802,610	1	8.000		26.900	\$	6,591,437		\$	6,582,799		99.87
2022			15,557,500		0.000		22.250		346,154	(A)		333,623		96.38
Estimated	d for													
Year En														
Decemb	•													
	JS. 01,	\$	139,861,880	1	8.000		35.600	\$	7,496,597					
2023	_	Ψ	16,154,300		0.000		29.350	Ψ	474,129	(A)				
			10,104,000		0.000		20.000	\$	7,970,726	_ (, ()				
								Ψ	1,010,120	=				

#### NOTE:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

- (A) Represents property that has been excluded from the District, but is still subject to the District's debt service mill levy.
- (B) Includes a rebate of \$17,198 to taxpayers in 2018.

### EBERT METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$86,350,000
Limited Tax General Obligation
Refunding Bonds
Dated December 6, 2018
Series 2018A-1
Interest Rate of 4.00%-5.00%
Interest Payable June 1
and December 1
Principal Due December 1

\$16,365,000
Limited Tax General Obligation
Refunding and Improvement Bonds
Dated December 6, 2018
Series 2018A-2
Interest Rate of 4.00%-5.00%
Interest Payable June 1
and December 1
Principal Due December 1

					Total		
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	All Bond		
2023	\$ 1,060,000	\$ 3,871,500	\$ 200,000	\$ 733,300	\$ 5,864,800		
2024	1,250,000	3,818,500	235,000	723,300	6,026,800		
2025	1,345,000	3,756,000	250,000	711,550	6,062,550		
2026	1,525,000	3,688,750	285,000	699,050	6,197,800		
2027	1,605,000	3,612,500	300,000	684,800	6,202,300		
2028	1,785,000	3,532,250	335,000	669,800	6,322,050		
2029	1,875,000	3,443,000	350,000	653,050	6,321,050		
2030	2,075,000	3,349,250	390,000	635,550	6,449,800		
2031	2,180,000	3,245,500	410,000	616,050	6,451,550		
2032	2,395,000	3,136,500	450,000	595,550	6,577,050		
2033	2,495,000	3,040,700	470,000	577,550	6,583,250		
2034	2,705,000	2,940,900	510,000	558,750	6,714,650		
2035	2,840,000	2,805,650	535,000	533,250	6,713,900		
2036	3,095,000	2,663,650	580,000	506,500	6,845,150		
2037	3,250,000	2,508,900	610,000	477,500	6,846,400		
2038	3,525,000	2,346,400	665,000	447,000	6,983,400		
2039	3,705,000	2,170,150	695,000	413,750	6,983,900		
2040	4,005,000	1,984,900	755,000	379,000	7,123,900		
2041	4,205,000	1,784,650	790,000	341,250	7,120,900		
2042	4,535,000	1,574,400	855,000	301,750	7,266,150		
2043	4,760,000	1,347,650	895,000	259,000	7,261,650		
2044	5,115,000	1,109,650	965,000	214,250	7,403,900		
2045	5,320,000	904,825	1,005,000	175,425	7,405,250		
2046	5,535,000	691,788	1,065,000	134,988	7,426,776		
2047	5,755,000	470,137	1,110,000	92,137	7,427,274		
2048	5,985,000	239,675	1,180,000	47,475	7,452,150		
Total	\$ 83,925,000	\$ 64,037,775	\$ 15,890,000	\$ 12,181,575	\$ 176,034,350		